Utilization of UID in Healthcare

Indian Association for Medical Informatics (IAMI)



Unique ID (UID)

- Issued by UIDAI
- Roll out in 12 18 months (July 2009)
- A unique and permanent identifier for every Indian
- Not a substitute for other identification numbers (e.g., Ration Card, PAN, Passport, Voter's Identity Card, etc.)



Observations

- UID will reference personal and biometric identification information about the individual
- IAMI evaluated the appropriateness of using the UID as a Unique Health Identifier (UHID)
- These are the preliminary recommendations regarding the use of UID as UHID in India



Current Scenario

- Different healthcare organizations use different identifiers for the same patient
- This makes it harder to
 - Share a patient's medical record (electronic or paper)
 - Creation of a horizontal medical record for the patient
- This impacts the continuity of care and leads to poorer health outcomes





01/003/09



01/2009



01ABC.EMS.2009

01ABC.OPD.DS.2009

01.ABC.RAD.2009





5 March 2013



IAMI©

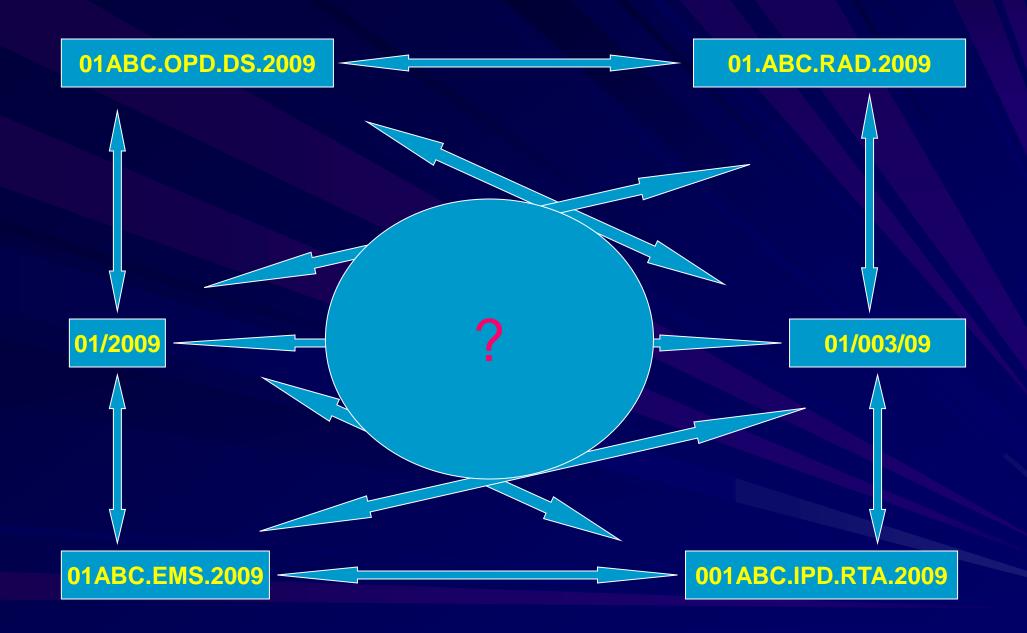




Problems with Multiple Identifiers

- Harder to share patients' medical records
- Difficult for a patient to manage the various identifiers
- Next to impossible to reconcile the data of patients
- True healthcare data interoperability cannot occur without identifiers that are recognized by the participating systems



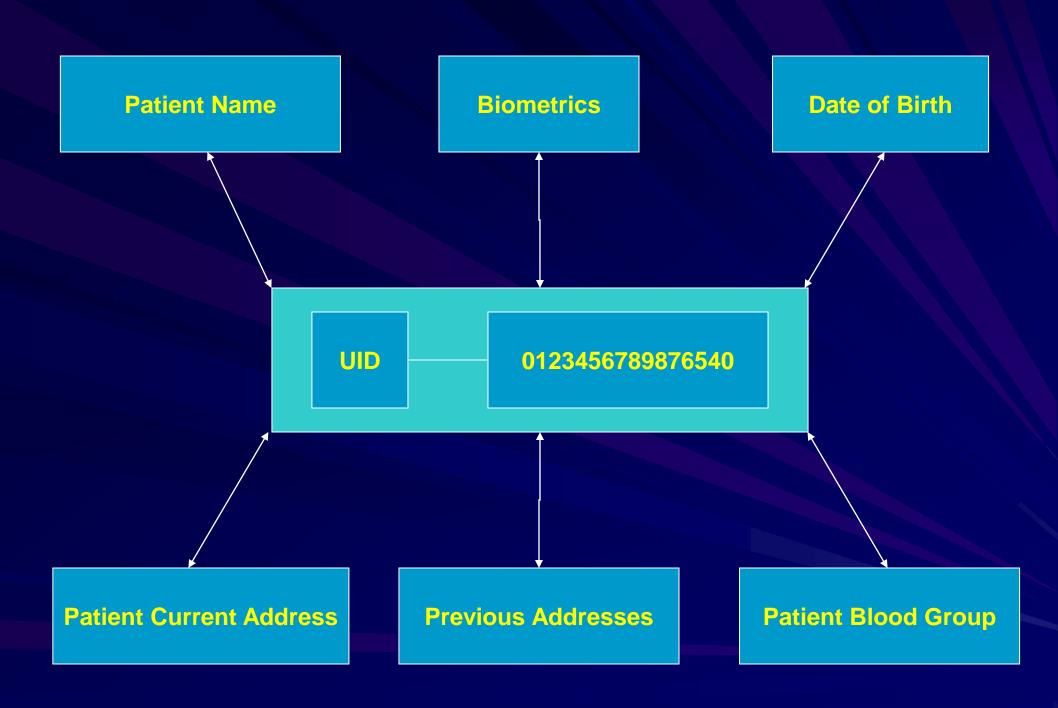




UID as **UHID**

- A nationally recognizable unique identifier available for every individual
- Currently no such identifier is available
- Existence of such an identifier desirable
- Considering the scope of the UID, it is a natural choice for use as the UHID for all Indian residents













UID

0123456789876540









Use of UID along with Another

- Timing of allotment is a major concern
- Most hospitals and healthcare organizations assign a MRN (medical record number) to their patients
- The first step is to ensure that the MRN is unique for each patient within a single entity
 - No patient gets multiple MRN
 - Same MRN is not assigned to multiple patients
- Associate each MRN with UID depending on its availability



Use of UID with existing MRN

- UID must be added to a patient's record at the earliest possibility
- UID can be used to identify duplicate MRN for a patient and merge them
- MRN (or UID) can be used for internal use by various systems within a hospital/organization
- UID used for sharing data externally amongst various healthcare entities (hospitals/organizations/health departments)



Use of both UID and MRN

- Use of an MRN internally by an organization eliminates dependency on an external identifier that may be unavailable or unusable
- Use of UID eliminates problems associated with data sharing
- UID helps addressing internal problems with MRN (e.g. merging duplicates)
- Use of UID greatly facilitates provision of care the patient's record can be looked up using the UID even when the MRN is not available









UID

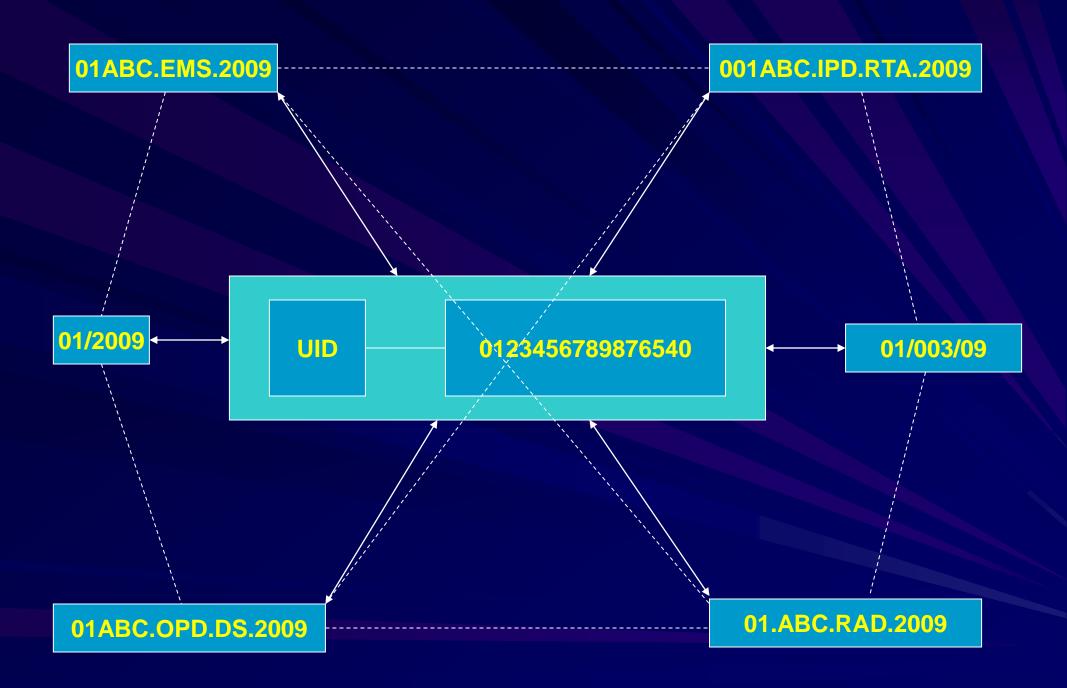
0123456789876540













Potential Issues

- Allotment
 - Time-lag
 - Procedures performed on the unborn child
- Ability to Remember & Recall
- The Unknown Unconscious Patient a "John Doe" or "Jane Doe"
- Those related to Patient Privacy



Benefits of a unique identifier in health care

- Allows compiling of data from various sources
- Leads to the creation of a lifelong health record providing information about all health events from womb till death
 - growth
 - nutrition
 - vaccinations
 - illnesses suffered
 - healthcare events



Benefits for the patient

- One unique identifier allows various hospitals and providers to share information about a patient
- Reduces data duplication
- Avoids repetition of tests
- Improves the continuity of care
- Results in better health outcomes and cost savings overall



Benefits for the population

- Unique ID in healthcare helps in
 - Accurate measurement of population health indicators (IMR, MMR, growth and nutrition, immunization, etc.)
 - Improved planning and delivery of healthcare services
- This results in improved health and improvement in the various health indicators



Benefits for medical science and research

- Seamless exchange of medical data between organizations aids in
 - More accurate epidemiological and demographic studies, disease surveillance studies, better data analyses
 - Discovery of knowledge in clinical databases
 - Practice of evidence based medicine



IAMI's Recommendation

- All providers should assign and manage unique MRN for their patients
- Use UID as the UHID
- Add UID to the patient's record at the earliest possibility
- Mandate the use of UID for all external data exchanges between organizations



